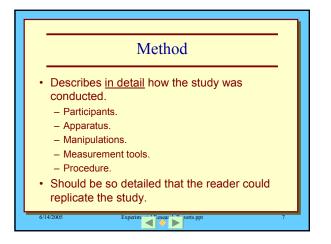


## Introduction

- Describes the specific problem being studied.
- Summarizes previous research.
- Describes the basic research strategy.

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• Describes the research hypothesis.



### Results

- Describes the data collected, any statistical analyses, and the conclusions drawn from the statistical analyses.
- The most difficult section to understand.

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### Discussion

- Summarizes the results, presents the implications of the data and may include a critique of the study.
  - Includes alternative interpretations of the data.

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- Describes the limitations of the study.
- May suggest further research.

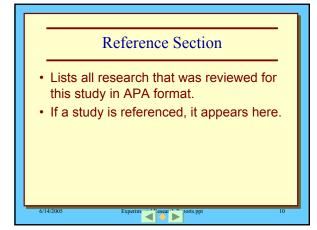
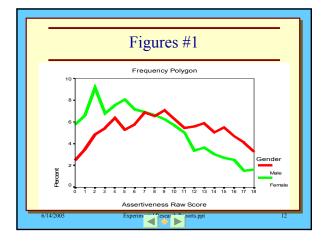
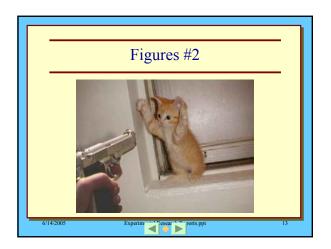


Table   Table 2. Descriptive statistics for total aggression scores by category			
Agg. Classical	14	56.00	14.14
Agg. Popular	14	51.29	17.05
Calm Classical	15	28.27	7.92
Calm Popular	15	29.73	9.36
6/14/2005	Experimental B.e		

















### Literature Review

- This report summarizes all of the research done on a particular topic.
  - Typically focus on a specific area.
  - Review what is known and what is not known in the area.
  - Very good source of information on a specific topic area.

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### **Theoretical Paper**

- This is a publication that develops a theoretical explanation for a some particular area.
  - Typically the authors support their theory with data from primary research.
  - Typically authors describe why their theory is better than other theories.

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### Meta Analysis

- A research report that summarizes a number of research results by combining the statistical findings from many studies.
  - Provides a general assessment of the relationship between similar variables.

The focus is on statistical data, not conceptual information.

